## **CLAIMS**

 (currently amended) A biocompatible tissue-bonding adhesive composition comprising:

a polyol of functionality N, wherein said polyol being is terminated with at least one polyisocyanate, said terminated polyol being in solution, wherein with at least (N-1)% of said solution comprising comprises free polyisocyanate, and wherein at least about 70% of the polyol is derived from ethylene oxide monomers.

- (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein N is in the range 1.5 – 8.
- (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein said polyol is a branched polypropylene oxide/polyethylene oxide copolymer.
- 4. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 3 wherein said polypropylene <u>oxide/polyethylene oxide copolymer contains <del>polypropylene propylene oxide units in a range of about 10% to about 30% by number.</del></u>
- (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 3 wherein said polypropylene/polyethylene oxide copolymer contains no more than <u>about 10%</u> polypropylene oxide.
- 6. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein said polyisocyanate is comprised of a 80:20 mixture of 2,4- toluene diisocyanate and 2,6-toluene diisocyanate.
- 7. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein said polyisocyanate <del>consists of comprises</del> 2,6-toluene diisocyanate.
- 8. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein said polyisocyanate <del>consists of comprises</del> isophorone diisocyanate.

- (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein said polyisocyanate eonsists of <u>comprises</u> an 80:20 mixture of 2,4- toluene diisocyanate and 2,6-toluene diisocyanate and <u>about</u>
  3% of the composition is free polyisocyanate.
- 10. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1 wherein said polyisocyanate eonsists of <u>comprises</u> isophorone diisocyanate and about 1.5% of said composition of free polyisocyanate.
- 11. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 1, wherein said composition is comprised of two polyisocyanates and wherein one of said polyisocyanates comprises a free isocyanate B as an aromatic polyisocyanate and the other of said polyisocyanates comprises an aliphatic isocyanate A which is used to endcap said copolymer.
- 12. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 11 wherein the free isocyanate B converts to an amine faster than the isocyanate A.
- 13. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 11 wherein said free isocyanate B is more reactive with nitrogenous substances than said isocyanate A.
- 14. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 11 wherein said free isocyanate B is of lower viscosity than said isocyanate A.
- 15. (cancelled)
- 16. (cancelled)
- 17. (currently amended) A biocompatible adhesive composition comprising at least two branched polyols wherein at least one of said polyols is a branched polypropylene oxide/polyethylene oxide copolymer, and wherein at least one of said branched polyols consists of a copolymer of less than 10% polypropylene oxide and another at least one of said branched polyols comprises a copolymer consisting of between about 10 and about 30% polypropylene oxide, both of said copolymers of functionality 1.5-8, said copolymers being terminated with at least one polyisocyanate, said terminated

- copolymers being in solution with, and wherein at least 1% of said solution emprising comprises free polyisocyanate.
- 18. (currently amended) The biocompatable biocompatible composition as recited in claim 17 wherein one of said polyol copolymers consists of comprises about 5% polypropylene oxide and the other of said polyol copolymers consists of comprises about 25% polypropylene oxide.
- 19. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim <u>17 20</u> wherein said copolymer having a lesser functionality comprises at least 25% by molecular number of the number of polymer molecules of the total copolymer component.
- 20. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim <u>15-17</u> wherein one of said copolymers has <u>a lesser</u> functionality <del>less</del> than <u>one or more of</u> the other of said copolymers.
- 21. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 20 wherein one of said copolymers has functionality 2 and the other of said copolymers has functionality 3.
- 22. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 20 wherein said copolymer of lesser functionality is less than 25% <del>by molecular number</del> of the number of polymer molecules of the total copolymer component.
- 23. (currently amended) The biocompatible biocompatable composition as recited in claim 22, wherein one polyol is terminated with a polyisocyanate with water reactivity having a first reaction rate with water R1 and another polyol is terminated with a polyisocyanate with water reactivity having a second reaction rate with water R2, where R1 [[>]] is a faster rate than R2, both of said terminated polyols having an average [[of]] functionality of 1.5-8, said terminated polyols being in solution a solution, with at least 1% of said solution comprising free polyisocyanate of reactivity R1.
- 24. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible</u> composition as recited in claim 23 wherein one of said polyols is terminated with an aromatic polyisocyanate and another of said polyols is terminated with an aliphatic polyisocyanate, both of

- said polyols <u>having an average</u> [[of]] functionality <u>of</u> 1.5-8, said terminated polymers <u>being</u> in <u>solution</u> <u>solution</u>, <u>with wherein</u> at least 1% of said solution <u>eomprising comprises-free</u> polyisocyanate.
- 25. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 24 wherein said free polyisocyanate is aromatic.
- 26. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 25, wherein said free polyisocyanate is <u>comprised</u> of <u>comprises</u> toluene diisocyanate.
- 27. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 25, wherein said free polyisocyanate consists of <u>isomer-one or more isomers of 2,6-toluene diisocyanate</u>.
- 28. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 23, wherein said composition eliminates <u>any aromatic</u> amines <u>during polymerization</u> induced by <u>reaction of water or proteins with aromatic isocyanates during polymerization, said elimination occurring by reaction of such aromatic amines with less-reactive aliphatic isocyanates capping polyols, where <u>the number of groups of said less reactive isocyanate capped polyol is present in <u>essentially</u> stoichiometric amounts <u>with respect to said the number of groups of said aromatic isocyanates</u>.</u></u>
- 29. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 28, wherein said <u>less reactive</u> isocyanate <del>used to cap</del> <u>capping</u> said polyol comprises isophorone diisocyanate.
- 30. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 29, wherein said polyol is <u>about 75%</u> polyethylene oxide and <u>about 25%</u> polypropylene oxide <u>by number of residues</u>.

31 - 39 (cancelled)

40 (currently amended) A biocompatible tissue-bonding adhesive composition comprising:

a polyol of functionality N, wherein said polyol being terminated with at least one polyisocyanate in solution with at least (N-1)% of said solution comprising free polyisocyanate, wherein said adhesive composition is essentially anhydrous at the time of its application to tissue.

- 41. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 40 wherein N is in the range 1.5 8.
- 42. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 40 wherein said polyol is a branched polypropylene/poly-ethylene oxide copolymer.
- 43. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 42 wherein said polypropylene/polyethylene oxide copolymer contains polypropylene oxide in a range of about 10% to about 30%.
- 44. (currently amended) The surgical biocompatible adhesive of claim 40 wherein the adhesive is a one-part adhesive consisting essentially of at least one NCO-terminated branched polymer, derived from at least one organic polymeric polyisocyanate polyisocyanate, and at least 1% unreacted low molecular weight ("free") polyisocyanate polyisocyanate, wherein the polymerization proceeds by the following time-ordered steps: wherein the adhesive is characterized in having a reactivity such that
  - 1) free polyisocyanate bonds to tissue,
  - said free polyisocyanate converts to a polyamine and links said NCO-terminated branched polymer to said tissue bonded polyisocyanate;
  - 3) said free polyisocyanate converts to polyamine and links said branched polymer to other said same polymers.

- 45. (currently amended) The surgical biocompatible adhesive of claim 40 wherein the adhesive is a one-part adhesive consisting essentially of two NCO-terminated branched polypropylene/poly-ethylene oxide copolymers, wherein copolymer A is at most 10% polypropylene oxide and copolymer B is between 10% and 30% polypropylene oxide, derived from an organie a polymeric polyisocyanate and at least 1% unreacted low molecular weight ("free") polyisocyanate wherein the polymerization proceeds by the following time-ordered steps: wherein the adhesive is characterized in having a reactivity such that
- 1) free polyisocyanate bonds to tissue,
- 2) said free polyisocyanate converts to a polyamine and links both polypropylene/polyethylene oxide copolymers to said tissue bonded polyisocyanate,
- 3) said free polyisocyanate converts to polyamine and links said branched polypropylene/polyethylene oxide copolymers to other said same polymers, and
- 4) polymerized copolymer A swells within the formed polymer matrix and causes degradation of the formed matrix.
- 46. (currently amended) The surgical biocompatible adhesive of claim 40, wherein the adhesive is a one-part adhesive consisting essentially of two NCO-terminated branched polypropylene/poly-ethylene oxide copolymers, wherein copolymer A is at most 10% polypropylene oxide and copolymer B is between 10% and 30% polypropylene oxide, derived from an organie a polymeric polyisocyanate and at least 1% unreacted low molecular weight ("free") polyisocyanate wherein the polymerization proceeds by the following time-ordered steps: wherein the adhesive is characterized in having a reactivity such that
- 1) free polyisocyanate bonds to tissue,
- 2) said free polyisocyanate converts to a polyamine and links copolymer B preferentially to said tissue bonded polyisocyanate,
- 3)said free polyisocyanate converts to polyamine and links said branched polypropylene/polyethylene oxide copolymers to other said same polymers,

- 4)polymerized copolymer A swells within the formed polymer matrix and causes degradation of the formed matrix, and
- 5) polymerized copolymer B does not swell at the tissue/matrix interface and does not cause tissue bond degradation.
- 47. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 40, wherein one polyol is terminated with a polyisocyanate with water reactivity <u>having a first reaction rate with water</u> R1 and another polyol is terminated with a polyisocyanate with water reactivity <u>having a second reaction rate with water</u> R2, where R1>R2, both of said terminated polyols <u>having an average</u> [[of]] functionality of 1.5-8, said terminated polyols being in solution and with at least 1% of said solution comprising free polyisocyanate of reactivity R1.
- 48. (currently amended) The <u>biocompatible biocompatable</u> composition as recited in claim 48 <u>47</u> wherein one of said polyols is terminated with an aromatic polyisocyanate and another of said polyols is terminated with an aliphatic polyisocyanate, both of said polyols of functionality 1.5-8, said terminated polymers in solution with at least 1% of said solution comprising free polyisocyanate.